

9 класс

Пояснительная записка

Предложенные примерные контрольные задания на зачётную сессию выполняются учениками в процессе обучения, являясь подготовкой к итоговой контрольной работе.

Английский язык

I четверть

Grammar test (Unit 1)

- 1) Sarah ... married on Sunday.
 - a) is getting
 - b) gets
 - c) is
- 2) When ... the train ... in Moscow?
 - a) does ... arrive
 - b) is ... arriving
 - c) will ... arrive
- 3) You ... always ... at the lesson, Boris!
 - a) do ... talk
 - b) are ... talking
 - c) does ... talk
- 4) I forget where he ...
 - a) will live
 - b) lived
 - c) lives
- 5) My good friend Denis, ... taxi driver, sometimes gives me a lift.
 - a) a
 - b) the
 - c) –
- 6) Tolstoy, ... the famous Russian writer, is well-known in the West.
 - a) a
 - b) the
 - c) –
- 7) The car, ... stolen one, was found in the wood.
 - a) a
 - b) –
 - c) the
- 8) ... Queen has arrived.
 - a) a
 - b) –
- 9) I haven't seen her ... ages.
 - a) for
 - b) during
 - c) –
- 10) Let's meet at 6 p. m. Be ... time.
 - a) –
 - b) on
 - c) in
- 11) He will come back ... the end of May.
 - a) –
 - b) at
 - c) in
- 12) John sent you an e-mail ... Friday.
 - a) in
 - b) at
 - c) on
- 13) We had a swim in the sea and ... we decided to lie in the sun.
 - a) after
 - b) afterwards
 - c) –
- 14) Most of the time he just picks ... his food.
 - a) out
 - b) on
 - c) at
- 15) She rushes to pick ... her baby as soon as it starts to cry.
 - a) up
 - b) out
 - c) at

16)... learning: learn to speak a new language in 12 weeks!

- a) fast
- b) rapid
- c) quick

17)Trafalgar Square in a ... place.

- a) historic

b) history

c) historical

18)«Ivanhoe» is a famous ... novel by Walter Scott.

- a) historic
- b) historical
- c) history

Grammar Test (Unit 2)

II четверть

1) When John ..., we ... breakfast.

- a) arrived; were having
- b) arrives; is having
- c) arrived; had

c) stayed

2) Alex looks sad. He must ... some bad news.

- a) has had
- b) have had
- c) had had

7) –What’s the make of this car?

–It’s ... Ford.

- a) –
- b) a
- c) the

3) Sit down and catch your breath. ... you ...?

- a) Have ... run
- b) Has ... run
- c) Have ... been running

8) I can’t recognize this music. Is it ... Mozart?

- a) –
- b) a
- c) the

4) Nick is such a quiet child, but today he ... naughty.

- a) is
- b) being
- c) is being

9) Father always reads newspapers ... a plane.

- a) in
- b) on
- c) –

5) I met Roy the other day. He was happy because Ann, his sick sister, ... much better.

- a) felt
- b) was feelings
- c) feels

10) Jane is so beautiful in her new dress! She looks ... a fairy.

- a) as
- b) like

6) The boy ... on the playground during the interval.

- a) stays
- b) was staying

11) Jill graduated from a university but never worked ... an engineer.

- a) as
- b) like

12) Do ... you are told.

- a) as
- b) like

- 13) You need to cut your essay ... a little.
a) off
b) down
c) up

- 14) Who would like to ... me for a game of volleyball?
a) join
b) unite

- 15) Honesty is the best ...
a) policy
b) politics

- 16) If you've got a large family, it's more ... to travel by car than by train.
a) economic
b) economical

Grammar Test (Unit 3)

III четверть

- 1) Present perfect or past perfect?
a) I didn't want to go to Voronezh because I (*be*) there before.
b) You are early! Where you (*be*)?
- 2) Past simple or past perfect?
a) When I (*get*) to the party, it already (*start*).
b) When they (*get*) married, they (*know*) each other for 10 years.
- 3) Future simple or future-in-the-past?
a) We lost. I (*stop*) and ask the way.
b) I thought my mum (*be*) angry if I stayed at the party longer.
- 4) Make up one sentence using past perfect.
a) Jenny finished her composition. Then she took her dog Chase out.
b) Mr. Harry Gras got a loan at his bank. Then he bought a Ford
- 5) Use *a/an, the* or zero article to complete the sentences.
a) ... music John had written was not to my liking.
b) Ask your mother for ... advice.
- 6) Use *a/an* or zero article to complete the sentences.
a) Cheddar is ... firm yellow cheese. ... cheese should be kept in the fridge.
b) ... speech is a wonderful gift of nature. Everyone expected Mr. Ford to make ... speech at dinner.
- 7) Choose the right answer
a) A lot of children ... their hands. They all knew the answer. The plain slowly ... into the air.
a. raised b. rose
b) We found a picnic area down ...river. I don't want to go shopping. ... I don't have any money.
a. beside b. besides

Form 9, Grammar Test (Unit 4)
IV четверть

- 1) Present simple or present continuous passive?
 - a. Your coffee (*make*), it will be ready in a minute.
 - b. I'm afraid I'll have to walk to the shop because my car (*service*).
- 2) Past simple passive or past continuous passive?
 - a. The letter didn't come by post, (*put*) on our doorstep by someone.
 - b. While the table (*lay*) we had time to change our dirty clothes.
- 2) Present perfect passive or past perfect passive?
 - a. The talks are over and the agreement just (*sign*).
 - b. The tree that (*blow*) down in the storm, was blocking our way.
- 3) Future passive or future-in-the-past passive?
 - a. Do you know when the new book by Pullman(*publish*)?
 - b. Steve had no idea that his suggestion (take) so seriously.
- 4) Make sentences passive.
 - a. Frank suggested a new plan to his friends.
 - b. The teacher pointed out typical mistakes to his students.
- 5) Use *a/an* or *the*
 - a. There is ... new hospital in our neighborhood.
 - b. ... hospital gets medical equipment from the USA.
- 6) Use *the* or zero article
 - a. Which river is longer - ... Nile or ... Mississippi?
 - b. ... Red Sea is joined to ... Mediterranean Sea by the Suez Canal.
- 7) Use *the* or zero article
 - a. ... city of Paris
 - b. ... bay of Bengal
 - c. ... Lake Winnipeg
 - d. ... Mont Blanc
- 8) Use *the* or zero article
 - a. "... Maxim's" is a famous restaurant in Paris.
 - b. ... National Theatre stages plays by Shakespeare.
- 9) Choose the right answer
 - a. Amanda ... to Brussels yesterday. Many years ago this river ... a little further to the north.
 - a. flowed b. flew
 - b. The other day Ann ... the ring she had lost. Henry VIII ... the Church of England.
 - a. found b. founded
- 10) Complete the sentences
 - a. How has Don put ... him for so long?
 - b. Has the fire been put ... yet?
- 11) Complete the sentence with a synonym of the verb "to look"
The boys were ... at each other as if they were ready to fight.

Задания формата ОГЭ.

Прочитайте тексты и установите соответствие между текстами А–G и заголовками 1–8. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании есть один лишний заголовок.

1) **Early mobile phones**

2) **Annoying mobiles**

3) **Expensive mobiles**

4) **Fashionable mobiles**

5) **Multifunctional mobiles**

6) **Modern mobile phones**

A) Lars Magnus Ericsson, was the first man who had a telephone in his car. When he saw a place where he could get to phone lines, he connected to them with a pair of long electric wires. Then in Russia two Soviet engineers successfully tested a mobile phone installed in a car. It could connect to a local telephone network within 20 kilometers. A year later, two engineers from Europe tried to use antenna in the phone.

B) The company of mobile phones in Finland started to sell their products in 1970. There were several types of phones: 2G and later 3G. Third-generation phones are now used everywhere in the world. They are small, flat and very comfortable to use. Some people say that the only problem with the new phones is to remember all the functions. The mobile phone is often called the Seventh of the Mass Media (with Print, Recordings, Cinema, Radio, TV and Internet the first six).

C) In many countries, most adults and many children now have mobile phones. Mobile phones are used for a variety of purposes, including keeping in touch with the family, running business, and for emergency calls. Children and adults often play mobile phone games or use the phone as an audio player. In Japan, phone companies provide immediate notice of earthquakes and other natural disasters to their customers free of charge. In the event of an emergency, disaster response crews can find injured people using the signals from their mobile phones.

D) Today's mobile phones do more than just offer voice, email, Web and music services. They are stylish accessories, too. Cool design has always played a great role in digital business. People, young people especially, use the phone to express their self. Just like clothes, phones can carry a message of sports lifestyle, luxury, adventure or romance. Mobile phone companies introduce their new collections every season and it's rather difficult to keep up with today's mobiles.

E) Mobile phones have increased greatly in the world. Some people carry more than one mobile phone for different purposes, such as for business and personal use. The mobiles are to be seen absolutely everywhere – in schools, restaurants, theatres and even churches. They ring during lectures, meetings and in classical music concerts. In recent survey, 62 % of people said that the most irritating thing in their lives was mobile phones on the train!

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **A7–A14** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Notstated**).

The Moneyless Man

For most of us it seems that money makes the world go round. However, not for Mark Boyle who has turned his life into a radical experiment.

Mark Boyle was born in 1979 in Ireland and moved to Great Britain after getting a degree in Business. He set up his own business in Bristol. For six years Mark Boyle managed two organic food companies which made him a good profit.

However, in 2008, he decided to give up earning money. He vowed to live without cash, credit cards, or any other form of finance.

Mark Boyle began to realise that many of the world's problems are just symptoms of a deeper problem. He thought that money gave people the illusion of independence.

Mark sold his house and started preparing himself for his new life. He posted an advert on a website asking for a tent, a caravan (a vehicle for living or travelling) or any other type of a house. Soon an old lady gave him a caravan for free. At least he then had a roof over his head!

After that, with his pockets empty, Mark was ready to go. He didn't even carry keys as he decided to trust the world a bit more and not lock his caravan. On November 28th (International Buy Nothing Day 2008), he became *the Moneyless Man* for one whole year.

Everything was different from then on. Mark lived in his caravan on an organic farm where he worked as a volunteer three days a week. In return he got a piece of land to live on and grow his own vegetables. His food was cooked on a stove, and he washed in a shower made from a plastic bag hanging from a tree, and warmed by the sun.

Even breakfast was different. With no morning coffee to brew, Mark had to find an alternative drink to start the day with. So he drank herbal teas, sometimes with some fresh lemon verbena that he could find near the caravan. "It's all very good for you: iron, calcium, anti-oxidants," Mark said.

Food was the first thing to consider. Mark discovered that there were four ways to find it: looking for wild food, growing his own food, bartering (exchanging his grown food for something else), and using loads of waste food from shops.

Public interest in his project was divided. While a huge number of people supported him, there was criticism of him, particularly on Internet forums.

"People are either very positive about what I'm doing or very negative; I think it's about 70 percent/30 percent. It's funny, if you don't have a massive plasma TV these days, people think you are an extremist," Mark said.

People tend to ask Mark what he learnt from a year of a moneyless life. "What have I learned? That friendship, not money, is real security," he answers.

Mark's remarkable journey is described in his new book "The Moneyless Man", which shows in a detailed way the challenges he faced on the road to his new world.

1. Mark bought an expensive caravan for his new life.
2. Mark's business in Bristol was successful.
3. Mark got food from different sources.
4. Mark got money for his work on the organic farm.
5. The only thing Mark **couldn't** give up was coffee.
6. People's attitudes towards Mark's project were different.

Tracey was very unhappy and scared. She was starting a new school.	NOT/WANT
“I to go to school today,” Tracey told her father.	
“I understand, Tracey,” he said. “Starting a new school can be very difficult. But you have to.”	THEY
A month before family had moved to a new town and everything was still new and strange for Tracey.	
Dad smoothed Tracey’s hair down and her a little hug,	GIVE
“When your classes over, I’ll pick you up, ok?”	BE
When Tracey got to school and looked at the big building, she thought, “I wish I run away,” but she knew it was impossible.	CAN
She took a deep breath and walked up the steps to school. She went straight into her grade classroom.	FIVE
“That must be Tracey,” “Hello, Tracey!”, “Welcome, Tracey!” the in the room welcomed her.	CHILD
Everyone seemed friendly and Tracey felt a little .	GOOD
The father picked her up after school. “How was your day?” he asked. To his surprise Tracey answered that she her new school.	LIKE
“You are a brave girl,” her father said. “I’m proud of you.”	
Many tourists find they don't like staying in city hotels. They prefer to avoid cities completely.	NOISE
They are attracted instead to dramatic views of mountains and valleys.	PEACE
If you like this sort of tourism, <i>Mountain View Camp</i> is for you. You’ll have an vacation there.	FORGETTABLE
The Camp has a view over the Hampson Valley.	IMPRESS
In the camp, tourists can rent either tents or bungalows. All the guests have free access to different facilities such as kitchens, bathrooms and playgrounds for children. The camp is a successful of both comfort and a green environment.	COMBINE
The tourists can also have lunch in one of the many restaurants and try European or cuisine.	NATION

You have **30** minutes to do this task.

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Ann.

... After taking my school exams, I want to study English literature at university. Some people say that it is boring and it takes too much time, but I really like it...

...How many exams are you going to take this year? How do you prepare for your English exam? Do you like to take exams or not, why?...

Write her a letter and answer her **3** questions.

Write **100–120** words. Remember the rules of letter writing.